Effect of salt stress caused by sodium chloride on mineral elements and solublesugars in three commercial cultivars of pomegranate

ENG.M.NAIN¹ & Dr.H.LESSANI²

- 1- Soil and Water Research Division of Qom Province
- 2- Tehran University College of Agriculture

The effect of salinity stress on cuttings of three commercial cultivars "Alak torsh, Malas torsh, Malas shirin" of pomegranate for determination salinty resistance was studied in this experiment.

After rooting of cuttings, they were planted in the plastic pots contained sand: perlite (1:1) medium and irrigated with complete hoagland's solution immediately. After three weeks, the plants were treated with different concentrations (0, 40, 80 and 120 meq / lit) of sodium chloride solution. These treatments continued during 80 days with irrigation water. Finally, uptake and transport of ions (Na,k,Ca,Mg,N and Cl) and soluble sugars in three cultivars were measured.

With increasing sodium chloride concentration in irrigation water, the amount of Na, Cl and K in the tissues increased but amount of Ca, Mg and N of the tissues decreased and differences among uptaking and transporting of ions in three cultivars weren't significant

With increasing of sodium chloride concentration in irrigation water, the amount of soluble sugars decreased.