P-76 (66)

DROUGHT TOLERANCE AND PHOTOSYNTHETIC ACTIVITY OF THE FOREIGN PEACH CULTIVARS UNDER CONDITIONS OF THE CRIMEAN SOUTHERN COAST

Dr. Iuliia Ivashchenko, Maliy Mayak, Alushta, Russian Federation; <u>yulia-ivash@mail.ru</u> (Presenting author)

Prof. Dr. Anatoly Smykov, Nikita, Nikitsky Spusk, 52, 298648 Yalta, Russian Federation; selectfruit@yandex.ua

Dr. Yuriy Ivashchenko, Nikita, Nikitsky Spusk, 52, 298648 Yalta, Russian Federation; <u>fruit_culture@mail.ru</u>

Ms. Olga Fedorova, Nikita, Nikitsky Spusk, 52, 298648 Yalta, Russian Federation; <u>fedorovaNikita@mail.ru</u>

Dr. Sergei Tsiupka, Nikita, Nikitsky Spusk, 52, 298648 Yalta, Russian Federation; tsupkanbg@mail.ru

The Nikita Botanical Gardens is a large center for breeding of fruit crops. Peach collection plantations of the Nikita Botanical Gardens include over four hundred cultivars and forms. Among them 157 genotypes have been introduced from other countries. Our purpose was to explore the effect of extreme conditions in a summer time on the change of parameters of chlorophyll fluorescence in peach leaves and to select the cultivars with an enhanced drought tolerance. The research has been carried out in laboratory conditions on intact leaf plates belonging to five peach cultivars: 'Redhaven', 'Veteran', 'Gavazuri', 'Hidistavsky Belyiy', and 'Tszyu-Yus-Tszyuy'. The cultivars have been compared during July and August, two periods, contrasting in terms of water regime. The photosynthetic activity has been evaluated after indicators of the chlorophyll fluorescence (Kautsky effect) determined by means of the portable fluorimeter "Floratest". The analysis comprised the change of photosynthetic activity of peach leaves, induced by a twenty-four-hour dehydration. During the period with more stressed water regime (July), the cultivars Redhaven and Tszyu-Yus-Tszyuy keep a high photosynthetic activity. The quantum efficiency shown by these cultivars during dehydratation (Fv/Fo) had fallen only slightly (9-16 %). The cultivar Hidistavsky Belviv displayed a relative stability. These cultivars showed a high correlation dependence between the indicators of photosynthetic activity and the parameters of the leaf water regime. In the less stressful water regime period (August), a sustainable photosynthetic activity has been shown by cultivars Redhaven, Hidistavsky Belyiy, Gavazuri. Diagnostics of of the condition of the photosynthetic apparatus during dehydratation of the peach leaves by using the fluorimetry method makes it possible to assess objectively the adaptation of peach cultivars to extreme conditions in summer time and promotes selecting cultivars with enhanced resistance to drought.

Keywords: peach, cultivars, drought resistant, photosynthetic activity, chlorophyll fluorescence

Acknowledgements: This study was funded by a research grant N_{2} 14-50-00079 of the Russian Scientific Foundation.